



Git and GitHub primer





What is version control?

- Aka revision control, source control
- Version control is the management and tracking of changes to source code, documents, data, etc.
- Allows collaborative development
- Keeps track of **who** made a change, **when** the change was made, and **what** the change was
- Permits reverting any change and rolling back to a previous state
- Many systems available: CVS, Subversion (SVN), Perforce, git, Mercurial,...

What is git?

- **Distributed** revision control system
 - Speed
 - Data integrity
 - Distributed, non-linear work flows
- Created in 2005 by Linus Torvalds to support the Linux kernel development
- Main characteristics:
 - the entire code and history is kept on the client (user) machine
 - users can work (make changes to code) even without internet connection
 - internet connection required only for pushing and pulling from remote server (remote repository)



Git basics – commits

- Git keeps track of code history in snapshots
 - record of what all files look like at a given point in time
- User decides when to take a snapshot (**commit**) and what files should be included
- Allows going back and visiting any past snapshot
 - later snapshots are not lost
- A project is made out of a series of commits
- Each commit contains:
 1. information on how the files changed from previous commit (**diff**)
 2. a reference to the previous commit (**parent commit**)
 3. a **hash code** name

Git basics – repositories

- A **repository** (or ‘repo’) is a collection of all the files and their commit history
 - contains **all** commits
 - can be local or remote
- Copying a repository from a remote server is called **cloning**
- Cloning allows teams to develop collaboratively
- **Pulling**: downloading commits that do not exist on the local machine from a remote repository
- **Pushing**: adding local changes (commits) to a remote repository

Git basics – branches

- All commits in a repository live in some **branch**
- The main branch in a repository is called the **master branch**
- A project can have many branches
 - For example, in a project that follows GitFlow, will have a master branch, a develop branch, feature branches, hotfix branches, release branches
- Branches allow maintaining parallel and separate development tracks in a single project
- Development tracks can be
 - branched off
 - merged

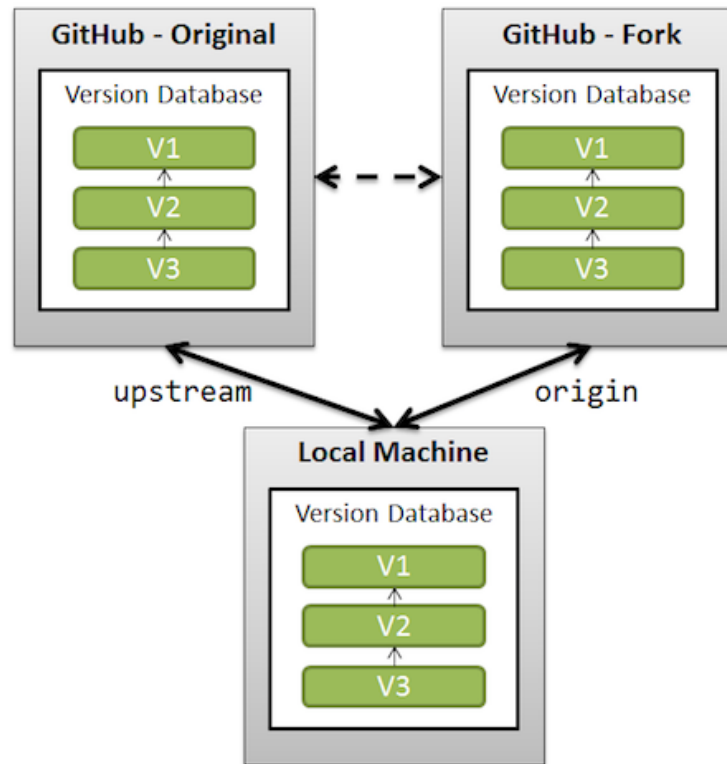
What is GitHub?

- Largest web-based git repository hosting service <https://github.com/>
- Founded in 2008
- Promotes open source, but also has an Enterprise Edition for businesses

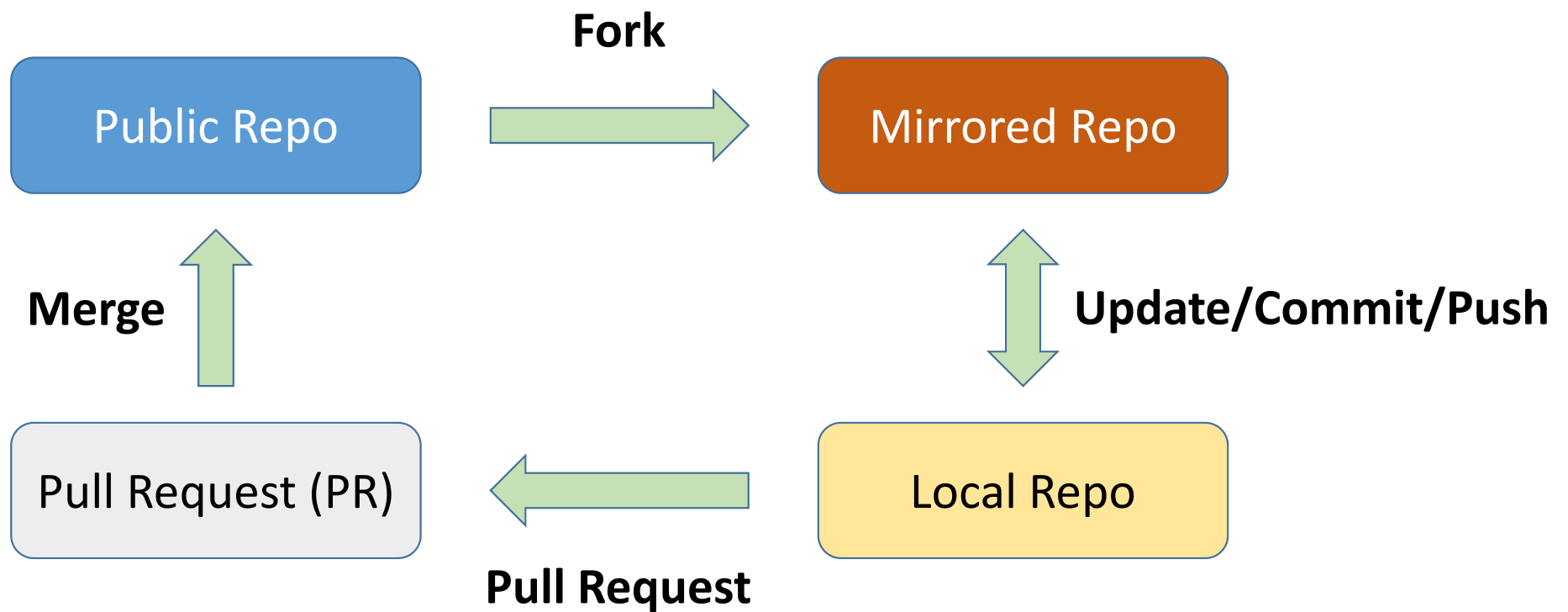
- Offers all Git distributed version control functionality
- Additional functionality:
 - User interface (web-based)
 - Documentation
 - Bug tracking
 - Feature requests
 - Pull requests



GitHub basics – forking



GitHub basics – pull requests



Sourcetree GUI client

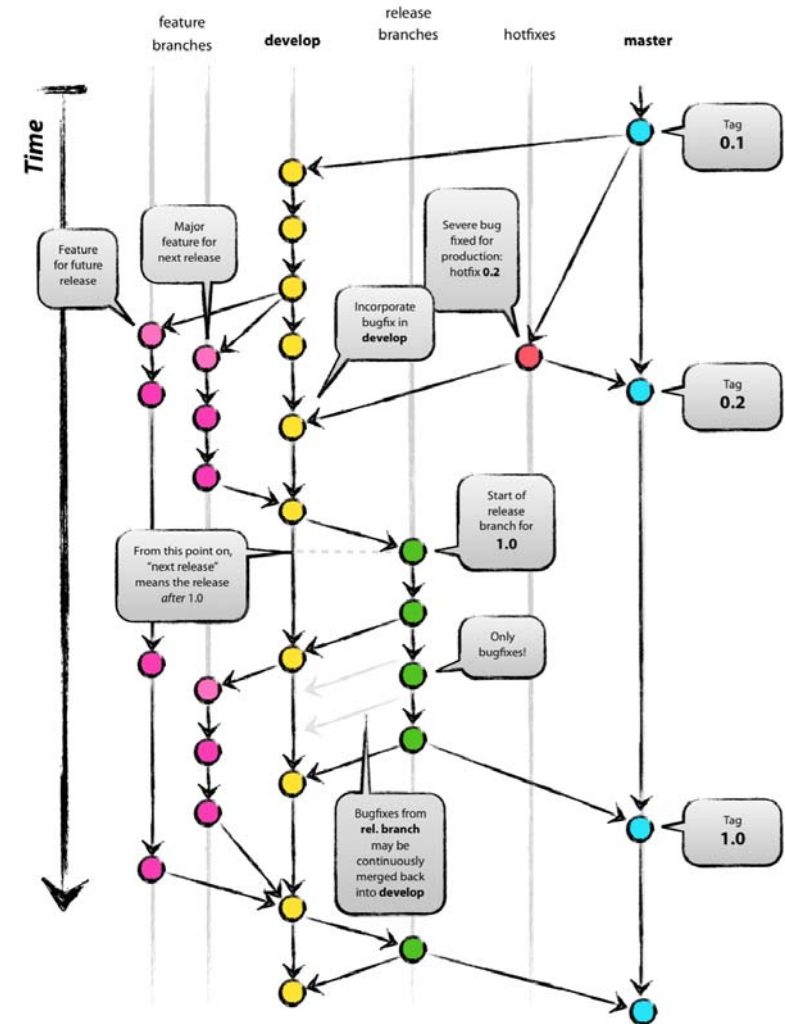
The screenshot shows the SourceTree GUI interface with several red callout boxes pointing to specific features:

- Current project:** Points to the 'chronos' repository name in the top toolbar.
- Local branches:** Points to the 'develop' branch in the left sidebar under 'BRANCHES'.
- Remote branches:** Points to the 'origin' folder in the left sidebar under 'REMOTES'.
- Log message for selected commit:** Points to the commit description 'Minor formatting fixes in co-simulation code (no functional changes)' in the main log view.
- Selected file in commit:** Points to the file path 'src/tests/vehicle/test_HMMWV_cosimulation/TerrainNode.cpp' in the file list below the log.
- Commit hash code:** Points to the commit hash '3005aa7' in the commit table.
- Who made the commit?:** Points to the author name 'Radu Serban <serban@wisc.edu>' in the commit table.
- When was the commit done?:** Points to the date '5 Nov 2016 14:00' in the commit table.
- Selected commit:** Points to the selected row in the commit table.
- File differences (wrt parent commit):** Points to the diff view showing changes in 'TerrainNode.cpp'.

GitFlow



- Proposed by Vicent Driessen
<http://nvie.com/posts/a-successful-git-branching-model/>
- A development model based on Git
- Adopted in ProjectChrono



Git/GitHub resources

- Git official website: <https://git-scm.com>
- GitHub guides: <https://guides.github.com>
- Git tutorials and training: <https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/>
- Git cheat-sheet: <https://services.github.com/kit/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf>
- GetFlow cheat-sheet: <http://danielkummer.github.io/git-flow-cheatsheet/>

- Git GUI clients: many options (see <https://git-scm.com/download/gui/linux>)
 - Windows/Mac: Sourcetree (by Atlassian)
 - Linux/Windows/Mac: SmartGit, git-cola